

# Spatial Patterns of Total and Methyl Mercury in Lakes across the Upper Midwest

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#### **Presentation Outline:**

- •Overview of the EPA National Lakes Assessment
- •Results from the Upper Midwest Survey
- •Future directions and discussion





### **2007 USEPA National Lakes Survey:**

- •909 lakes across the coterminous US
- •Status of the nations lakes using indicators of indicators of trophic state, ecological health, and recreation
- •Provide information on key stressors: nutrients and pathogens (and contaminants)
- •Probability-based network to represent conditions of all lakes across each region
- •Consistent procedures used across sites to ensure results are comparable



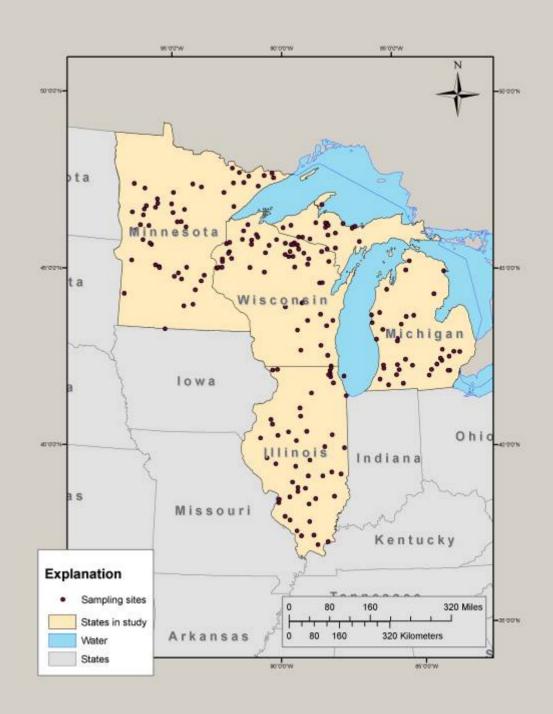


#### **2007 USEPA National Lakes Survey Sampling Sites**



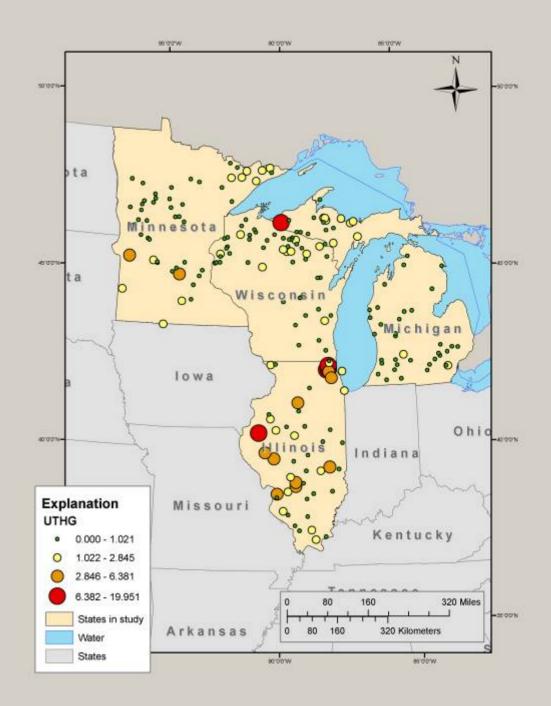
## **Upper Midwest Lakes Survey Sampling Sites:**

- 234 Individual Sites (EPA lakes plus "enhancemets"
- •Additional 26 hypolimnion samples taken in Michigan
- •Clean sampling techniques used by all sampling crews
- •Sample containers, gloves, etc... provided by single source (USGS)
- •Sample analysis (THg, MeHg, DOC) all conducted at a single lab – USGS Mercury Research Lab



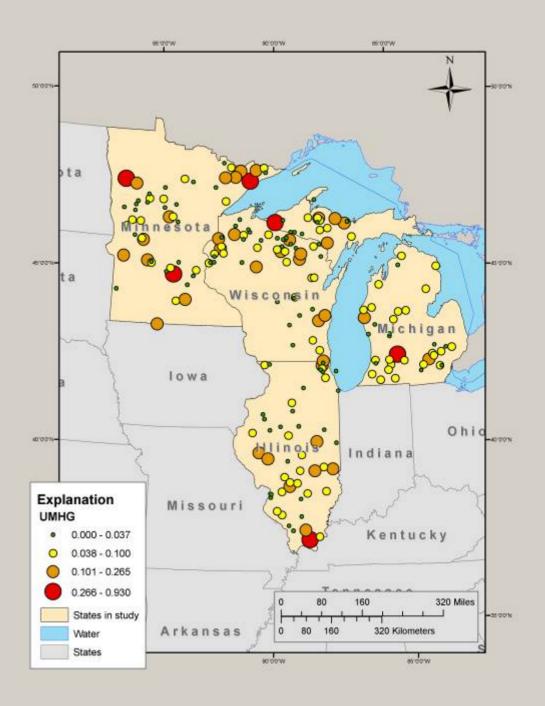
#### **Total Hg Results:**

State	THg (ng/L)	SD
Illinois	2.24	2.62
Michigan	1.13	2.49
Wisconsin	0.68	0.40
Minnesota	0.93	1.04



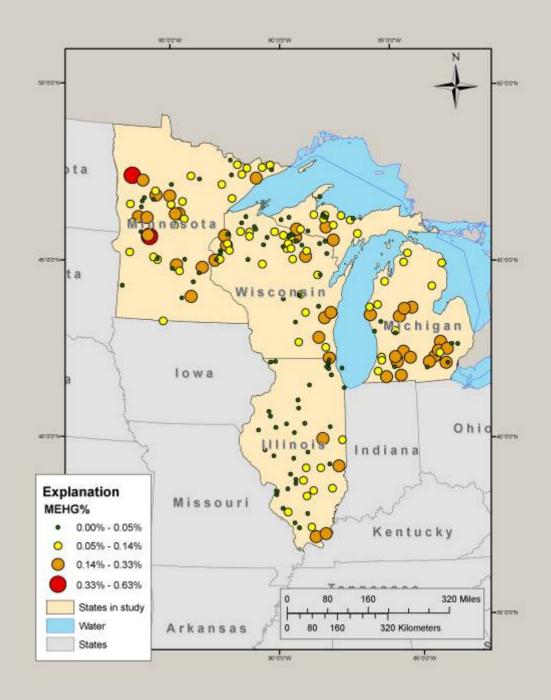
#### **MeHg Results:**

State	MeHg (ng/L)	SD
Illinois	0.07	0.08
Michigan	0.09	0.15
Wisconsin	0.06	0.06
Minnesota	0.09	0.10

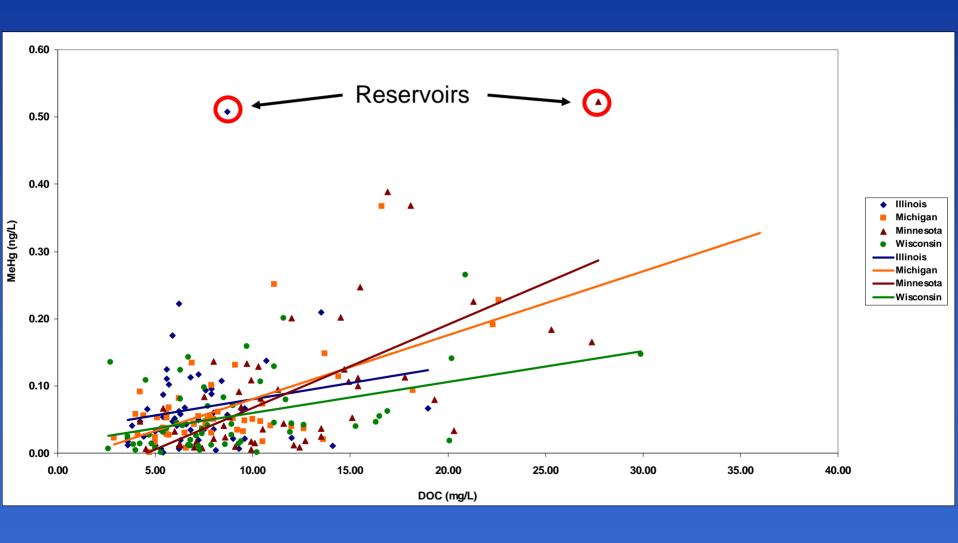


#### **%MeHg Results:**

State	% MeHg	SD
Illinois	0.03	0.06
Michigan	0.11	0.06
Wisconsin	0.08	0.07
Minnesota	0.12	0.11

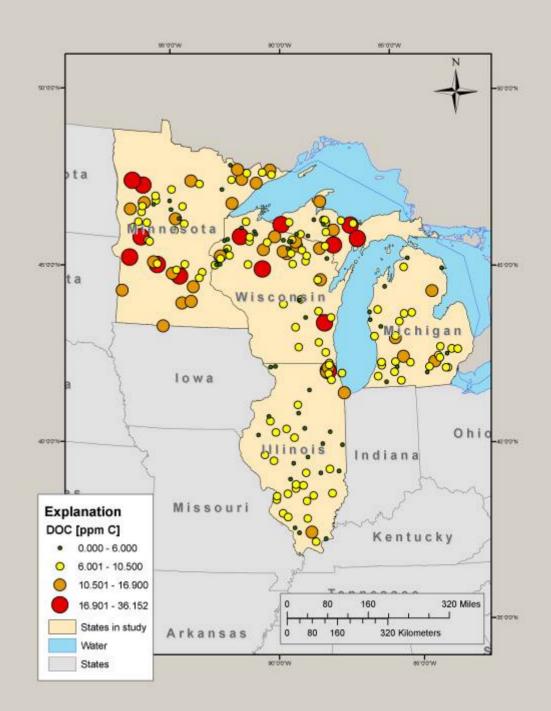


#### **Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC) A Driver?**



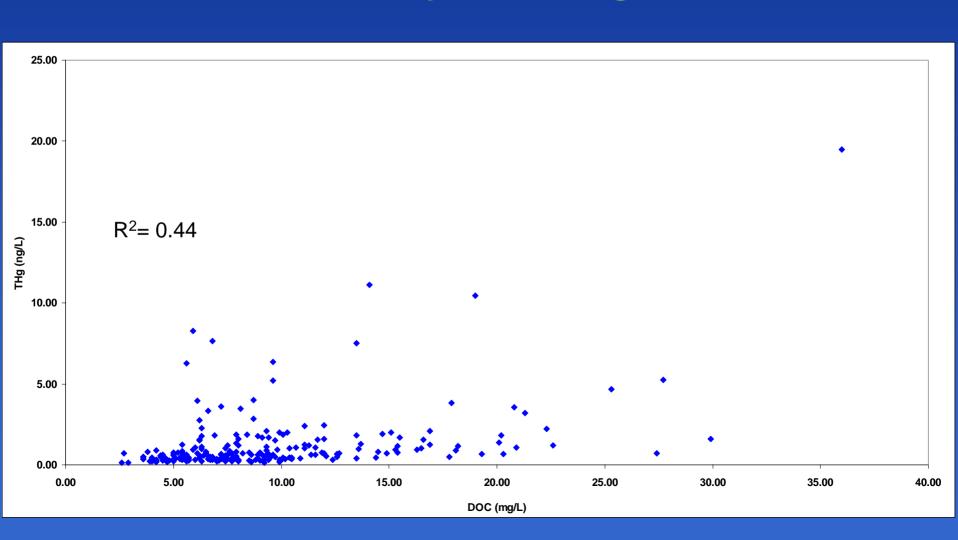
#### **DOC Results:**

State	DOC (mg/L)	SD
Illinois	7.1	2.8
Michigan	9.5	5.6
Wisconsin	9.5	5.1
Minnesota	12.1	5.4



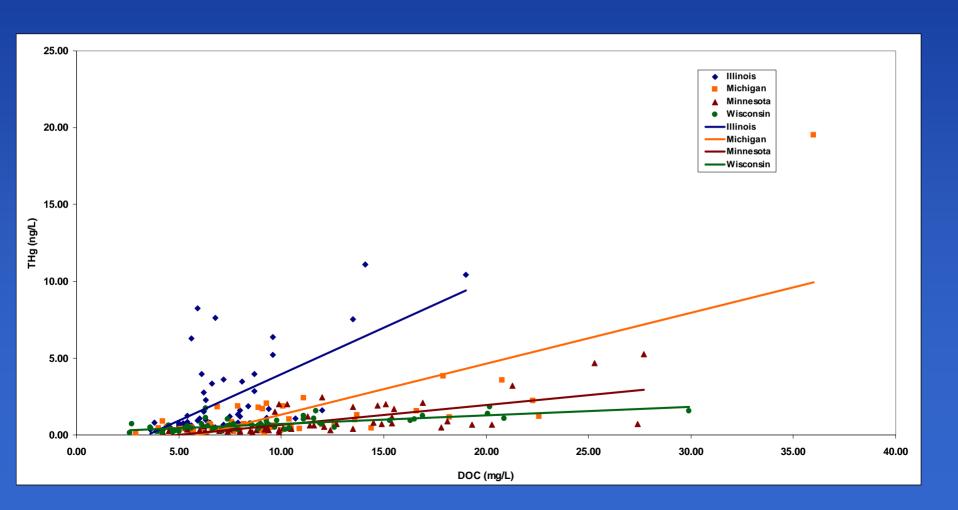


#### Is DOC Really a Strong Driver?



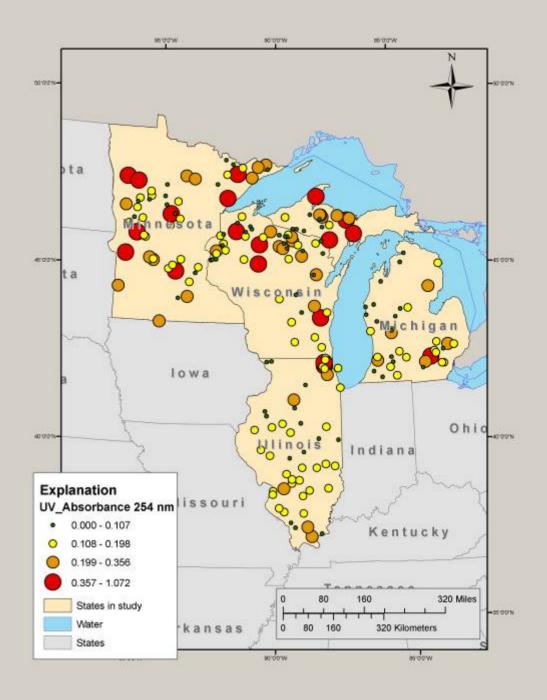


#### Yes, the answer is in the details!

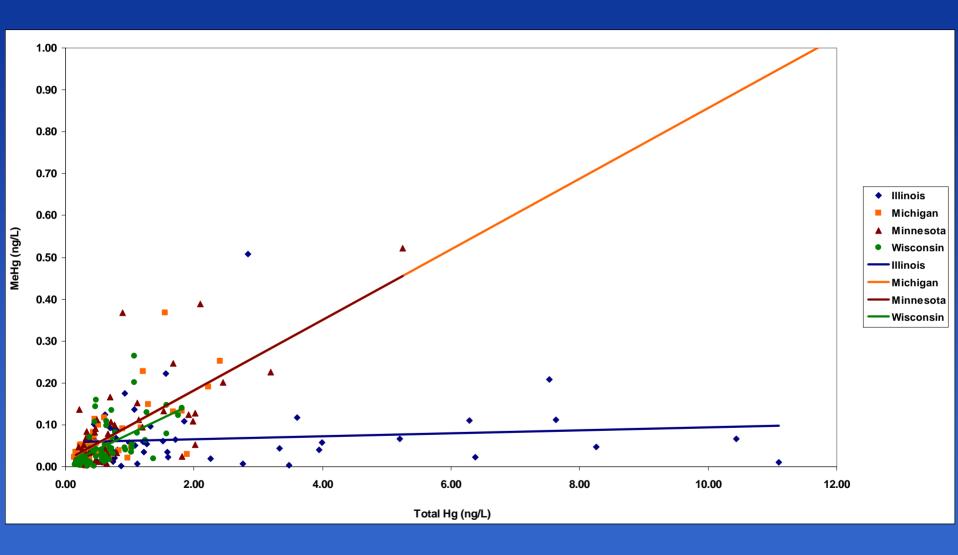


#### **More on DOC:**

State	UV Abs. 254nm	SD
Illinois	0.15	0.07
Michigan	0.22	0.25
Wisconsin	0.20	0.19
Minnesota	0.22	0.14



#### **How Important is Mercury Load?**

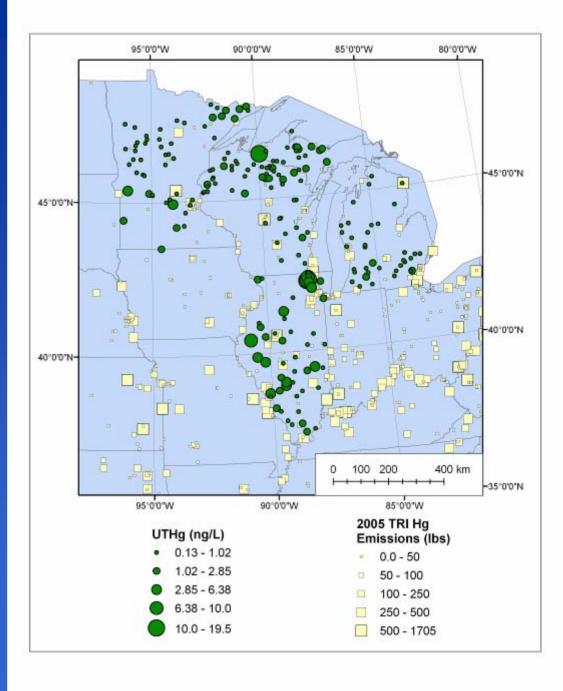


Answer: Depends on where you are!

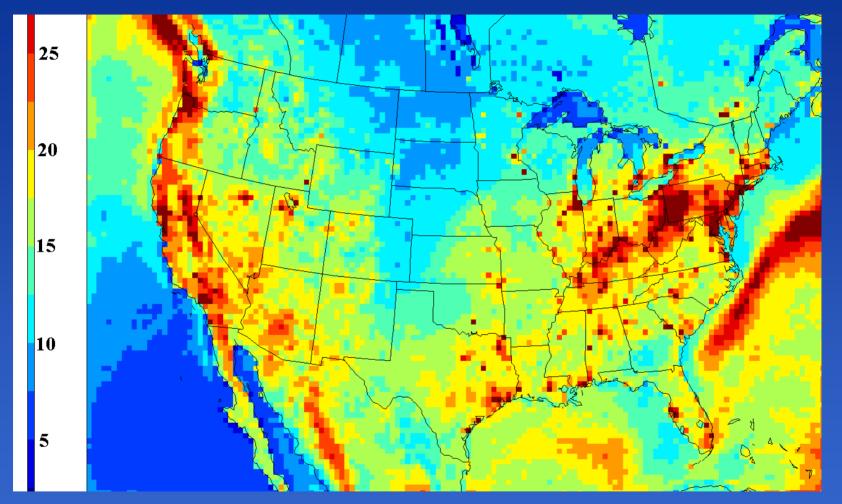


# Does THg in Lake Water Relate to proximity to sources?

A "qualified yes"



#### Corroborating Evidence from CMAQ Modeling



CMAQ-Simulated (2001) Total Hg Deposition (in micrograms per square meter)

Slide source: R. Bullock, NOAA/USEPA



### Summary

- Among the upper Midwest states, clear spatial trends were apparent in THg and MeHg from this "snap shot" sampling effort
- Illinois clearly has elevated THg concentrations compared to the other three states, but did not show MeHg levels
- Proximity to sources and DOC levels (ecosystem factors) are the most significant apparent drivers of THg and MeHg levels
- Source-receptor relations are needed to verify the importance of emissions to observed on-the-ground trends
- This effort lends credence to the suggestion that regional sampling efforts can be conducted and yield information on mercury status and controlling factors



#### **2008-2009 Continuation:**

- •Sediment samples (top 2 cm) from the 909 lakes across the coterminous US → potentially yielding a map of MeHg & total Hg in lake sediment.
- Bottom 2 cm is may also be available, which could yield a current/historic "mercury augmentation" map.
- •An evaluation of THg and MeHg in lake water and sediment will be undertaken to evaluate the agreement between these environmental pools
- •Report on the lake water results will be produced in 2009.



